The showkeys package*

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1 Introduction

showkeys.sty modifies the \label, \ref, \pageref, \cite, and \bibitem commands so that the 'internal' key is printed. The package tries hard to position these labels so that the formatting of the rest of the document is unchanged. \label and \bibitem cause the key to appear in a box either in the margin, or in a \TeX box of zero width, which may possibly over-print other text. The \ref, \pageref and \cite commands print their arguments in small type, raised just above the line, like this: 1. This package works with the fleqn option, the packages in the AMS-\TeX collection, and the \texttt{varioref}, \texttt{natbib} and \texttt{harvard} packages.

2 Package Options

Some people have commented that the printing of the \ref and \cite keys is less useful than the printing of the \label keys and so showkeys now supports two options that can be given in the \texttt{usepackage} command:

\texttt{notref} to stop the redefinition of \texttt{ref} and \texttt{pageref}, and related commands from the \texttt{varioref} package.

\texttt{notcite} to stop the redefinition of \texttt{cite} and related commands from the \texttt{harvard} and \texttt{natbib} packages.

So if the package is loaded with \texttt{usepackage[notref]{showkeys}} then \texttt{ref} will have its standard definition, but \texttt{label} will print its key argument (usually in the margin).

If you find the printed keys distracting, but don’t want to use the above options to stop them altogether you may use:

\texttt{color} Print the keys in a distinguishing colour. The default value is a light grey.

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The colours may be changed by redefining the following two colours after the
package is loaded. \texttt{refkey} (also used for \texttt{\cite}) and \texttt{labelkey} (also used for
\texttt{\bibitem}). The defaults are:

\begin{verbatim}
\definecolor{refkey}{gray}{.75}
\definecolor{labelkey}{gray}{.75}
\end{verbatim}

If this option is used the \texttt{color} package will be loaded.

The package accepts two further options.

\texttt{final} to suppress the action of this package, for ‘final’ versions.

\texttt{draft} the normal behaviour of this package.

Clearly there is not much point in entering the \texttt{final} option directly in the
\texttt{\usepackage} command, as just not loading this package would have the same
effect, and execute more quickly, however the \texttt{final} option may be useful as it
may be used once in the \texttt{documentclass} command to affect any number of pack-
ages that may be loaded. The \texttt{draft} option does not do anything, but is there to
honour an informal convention that packages have these options in pairs.

### 3 More Examples

The only other similar package that I could find in the macro index, showlabels.sty,\textsuperscript{[3]} was on my local installation! I think the current package is more robust than \texttt{showkeys}, but
I thought that \texttt{showkeys} was rather a good name, so I have stolen it for this file.

1. This has \texttt{\label} immediately after \texttt{\item}.

2. This has the \texttt{\label} at the end.

A minipage: -

\begin{verbatim}
\begin{minipage}{\textwidth}
\begin{enumerate}
\item This has \texttt{\label} immediately after \texttt{\item}.
\item This has the \texttt{\label} at the end.
\end{enumerate}
\end{minipage}
\end{verbatim}

Displayed math (without \texttt{equation} counter).

\begin{equation}
0 = 0
\end{equation}

Some text referring to the maths on page 2, and the item 1.

If \texttt{showkeys} thinks that the current environment is going to produce an “equa-
tion number”, then it does not show the label where the \texttt{\label} command occurs,

\textsuperscript{1}Actually \texttt{\marginpar} is not used at all in this package now.
but tries to put it in the margin, as shown with equation \ref{eq:xx}. The package ‘knows’ about the standard \texttt{equation} and \texttt{eqnarray} environments, and also all the numbered alignment environments offered by the AMSTeX package, \texttt{amsmath}.

\begin{equation}
1 = 1 \tag{1} \label{eq:xx}
\end{equation}

\begin{align}
2 &= 2 \tag{2} \label{eqnarray:a} \\
3 &= 3 \\
4 &= 4 \tag{3} \label{eqnarray:b}
\end{align}

Within a \texttt{figure} environment, the \texttt{\label} must not come before the \texttt{\caption} command. If you place \texttt{\label} inside the argument of \texttt{\caption} the label will be shown like this:

Figure 1: Within the caption argument \texttt{caption:a}

If you place \texttt{\label} immediately after the \texttt{\caption} command it will be shown like this:

Figure 2: Immediately after the caption argument. \texttt{caption:b}

If you place the \texttt{\label} command at some random point after the \texttt{\caption} command, it may be shown like:

Figure 3: In vertical mode not immediately after a box. \texttt{caption:c}

\section*{References}

[1] Gil Neiger, \textit{showlabels.sty}, Undated package, similar to this one, but shows labels inline, affecting the formatting of the document.


[3] David M. Jones, \textit{\TeX} Macro Index, A catalogue of \TeX\ macros, including \LaTeX\ packages, available from all good \TeX\ archives.

\section{The Macros}

First we handle the options. Normally all related commands are defined to show their ‘keys’. But since v3.03 one can specify:

\texttt{notref} to stop the redefinition of \texttt{\ref} (and \texttt{\pageref}, and related commands from \texttt{varioeref} package).
\notcite to stop the redefinition of \cite and related commands from the harvard and natbib packages.

\begin{verbatim}
\DeclareOption{notref}{\let\SK@ref\@empty}
\DeclareOption{notcite}{\let\SK@cite\@empty}
\end{verbatim}

Colour commands. Normally no-op.

\begin{verbatim}
\let\SK@refcolor\relax
\let\SK@labelcolor\relax
\end{verbatim}

The \color option loads the color package and defines the colours. Delayed to the end of the package as package loading not allowed in this option section.

\begin{verbatim}
\DeclareOption{color}{\AtEndOfPackage{\begin{verbatim}
\RequirePackage{color}
\definecolor{refkey}{gray}{.75}
\definecolor{labelkey}{gray}{.75}
\def\SK@refcolor{\color{refkey}}
\def\SK@labelcolor{\color{labelkey}}%\end{verbatim}}}
\end{verbatim}

Allow final to be specified in the document class options to suppress the loading of this package.

\begin{verbatim}
\DeclareOption{final}{\endinput}
\ DeclareOption{draft}{ }
\ProcessOptions
\end{verbatim}

The saved original definitions

\begin{verbatim}
\let\SK@label\label
\let\SK@bibitem\@bibitem
\let\SK@lbibitem\@lbibitem
\end{verbatim}

The new definition, print the argument, and then do the old definition.

\begin{verbatim}
\def\label#1{\begin{verbatim}
\@bsphack\SK@\SK@@label{#1}\begingroup\SK@label{#1}\endgroup\@esphack}
\end{verbatim}
\end{verbatim}

For \bibitem, position the showkeys code as for a standard list with \item and \label.

\begin{verbatim}
\def\@bibitem#1{\SK@bibitem{#1}\SK@\SK@@label{#1}\ignorespaces}
\def\@lbibitem[#1]#2{\SK@lbibitem[#1]{#2}\SK@\SK@@label{#2}\ignorespaces}
\end{verbatim}

Grab hold of #2 via \meaning so characters like & and ^ do not cause problems later, and pass the result on to the command #1.

\begin{verbatim}
\def\SK@#1#2{\protected@edef\@tempa{#2}\expandafter#1\meaning\@tempa\SK@}
\end{verbatim}
\SK@@label Strip off the initial segment of the \texttt{meaning} output, and then put the rest either in a \texttt{marginpar} or in a box of size 0pt, hopefully not disturbing the surrounding text.

\def\SK@@label#1>{#2}\SK@{% 
Need to work globally as in some cases like alignments, and \texttt{fleqn}, the counter will be printed in a different group to the \texttt{label} command.

\gdef\SK@lab{\smash{\SK@labelcolor\fbox{\texttt{normalfont\small\ttfamily#2}}}}\%

\ifvmode
  \if@inlabel
    If the \texttt{label} is straight after \texttt{item} (\texttt{bibitem} is handled by this case as well) then the item label has not been added to the page yet. It is hanging around in the box \texttt{@labels} waiting for the paragraph to start. So just need to attach the label to this box.

\global\setbox\@labels\hbox{\llap{\SK@lab\SK@lab@relax\kern\@totalleftmargin\kern\marginparsep}\box\@labels}%
\else
  If we insert a box into the main vertical list, do not want to change \texttt{prevdepth} as that would affect vertical spacing in the document. (The box itself should not cause any difference in break points as there is a node there anyway coming from the \texttt{write} to the aux file.

\dimen@\prevdepth
\nointerlineskip

The inner vertical mode cases are mainly designed to do the right thing with float captions, but seem to work OK in other cases as well.
\ifinner
  \skip@\lastskip\unskip
\skip@\lastskip\unskip
\else
  In inner vertical mode, attach the label to the right of the immediately preceding box, if it is a box before the current point. Otherwise just put it in a box of zero dimensions, with no interline skip. (This may slightly move the surrounding text (but perhaps not now that \texttt{prevdepth} is restored.)

\advance\skip@\lastskip\unskip
\setbox\z@\lastbox
  \ifvoid\z@
    \llap{\SK@lab\SK@lab@relax\kern\marginparsep}%
  \else
    \hbox{\box\z@\kern\marginparsep\SK@labx}%
  \fi
\vskip\skip@
\else
  In outer vertical mode, previously used a \texttt{vadjust} at the start of the next paragraph (and before that used \texttt{marginpar}). These methods sometimes cause extra
space, eg if paragraph starts with a math display, so now just insert the box directly, taking care not to change \textbackslash{prevdepth}.

\textbackslash{llap}\{\textbackslash{SK}@lab\textbackslash{SK}@lab@relax\textbackslash{kern}\textbackslash{marginparsep}\%
\fi

Restore \textbackslash{prevdepth}.

\textbackslash{prevdepth}\textbackslash{dimen@}
\fi
\else

If we are in an numbered equation-style environment, do nothing as the code to print the number will also print the label, otherwise just stick the label at the current point, in a box of zero dimensions.

\textbackslash{csname}\textbackslash{SK}@\textbackslash{currentenvir}\textbackslash{endcsname}
\textbackslash{if}\textbackslash{SK}@\textbackslash{equation}\textbackslash{else}
\textbackslash{if}\textbackslash{mmode}
\textbackslash{SK}@\textbackslash{labx}
\textbackslash{else}

Inner horizontal mode. Not much we can do, just stick it here.

\textbackslash{ifinner}
\textbackslash{rlap}\textbackslash{SK}@\textbackslash{lab}
\textbackslash{else}

In outer horizontal mode use \textbackslash{vadjust} to get to the margin.

\textbackslash{vadjust}\{\textbackslash{llap}\{\textbackslash{SK}@\textbackslash{lab}\textbackslash{kern}\textbackslash{marginparsep}\}\%
\fi
\else
\fi
\fi}

\textbackslash{iftagsleft@}
Make sure that this AMS\LaTeX{} command really is an \textbackslash{if}...

\textbackslash{AtBeginDocument}\{%
\textbackslash{let}\textbackslash{SK}@\textbackslash{eqnnum}=@\textbackslash{eqnnum}
\textbackslash{def}\textbackslash{@tempa}\{\textbackslash{let}\textbackslash{iftagsleft@}\textbackslash{iffalse}\%
\textbackslash{if}\textbackslash{x}\textbackslash{iftagsleft@}\textbackslash{undefined}\textbackslash{undefined}\textbackslash{false}\textbackslash{false}\%
\textbackslash{tagform@}
\textbackslash{eqnnum}

\textbackslash{if}\textbackslash{x}\textbackslash{eqnnum}\textbackslash{false}\%
\textbackslash{let}\textbackslash{SK}@\textbackslash{tagform@}=@\textbackslash{tagform@}
\textbackslash{iftagsleft@}
\textbackslash{def}\textbackslash{tagform@}\textbackslash{if}\{%
\textbackslash{if}\textbackslash{x}\textbackslash{df}@\textbackslash{empty}\
\textbackslash{SK}@\textbackslash{lab@relax}
\textbackslash{else}
\textbackslash{expandafter}\textbackslash{SK}@\textbackslash{lab}\textbackslash{meaning}\textbackslash{df}@\textbackslash{empty}\textbackslash{SK}@\%
\textbackslash{fi}
\textbackslash{llap}\{\textbackslash{SK}@\textbackslash{lab}\textbackslash{kern}\textbackslash{marginparsep}\%
\textbackslash{SK}@\textbackslash{lab@relax}\textbackslash{SK}@\textbackslash{tagform@}\textbackslash{if}\{%

6
The following environments print an equation number, so \label should not print its argument at the point where it appears. Note this will fail to show the label if you are in an eqnarray environment, and use \label together with \nonumber. This might just about make sense if you are going to use \pageref, but that is too bad...

\newif\ifSK@equation
\let\SK@equation\SK@equationtrue
\let\SK@align\SK@equationtrue
\let\SK@alignat\SK@equationtrue
\let\SK@xalignat\SK@equationtrue
\let\SK@xxalignat\SK@equationtrue
\let\SK@gather\SK@equationtrue
\let\SK@multline\SK@equationtrue
\let\SK@flalign\SK@equationtrue

\SK@align The AMS environments
\SK@alignat
\SK@xalignat
\SK@gather
\SK@multline
\SK@flalign
\SK@def This macro redefines a command \#1. The new definition can make use of the old definition as \SK@old name. If \#1 is really a \protect'ed command with the real definition in a 'space' command then the 'space' version is used as the old definition. Need to test this for each command as some package may have changed the status of a command to being ‘protected’. The new definition is made as if with \DeclareRobustCommand, but with \def syntax for the argument specification.

\def\SK@def#1{%
\edef\@tempa{\expandafter\@gobble\string#1}%
\@ifundefined{\@tempa\space}%
{\expandafter\let\csname SK@\@tempa\endcsname#1}%
{\expandafter\let\csname SK@\@tempa\expandafter\endcsname
\csname\@tempa\space\endcsname}%
\expandafter\def\expandafter#1\expandafter{\
\expandafter\protect\csname\@tempa\space\endcsname}%
}\expandafter\def\csname\@tempa\space\endcsname}

The next section redefines \ref and \pageref (unless the notref option was given).
\def\SK@ref\@empty
Even if notref option is used, need to fudge the varioref commands as they use \label internally.
\AtBeginDocument{%
\ifx\vpageref\@undefined\else
\SK@def\@@vpageref#1[#2]#3{{%
\let\label\SK@label
\SK@@@vpageref#1[#2]{#3}}}%
\DeclareRobustCommand\vref[1]{%\unskip~\ref{#1}{\let\label\SK@label\let\ref\SK@ref\let\pageref\SK@pageref}
\unskip\SK@\SK@@ref{#1}\SK@@@vpageref\unskip[\unskip\space]{#1}}%
\fi}
\else
\SK@ref\SK@pageref
\pageref
Save the redefinition to \begin{document} so that this package can work with packages that redefine \cite. Tested with harvard and natbib packages. Also add code at this point to support varioref.
\AtBeginDocument{%
\SK@def\ref#1{\SK@\SK@@ref{#1}\SK@ref{#1}}%
\SK@def\pageref#1{\SK@\SK@@ref{#1}\SK@pageref{#1}}%
\ifx\vpageref\@undefined\else
\SK@@@vpageref\unskip[\unskip\space]{#1}}%
\fi}
\else
\begin{document}
\SK@ref\SK@pageref
\end{document}
Now redefine \cite unless notcite option given.

\AtBeginDocument{% 
\ifx\SK@cite\@empty
\AtBeginDocument{% 
\ifx\HAR@checkdef\@undefined\else 
\expandafter\let\expandafter
\SK@HAR@bi\csname\string\harvarditem\endcsname
\expandafter\def\csname\string\harvarditem\endcsname[#1]#2#3#4{% 
\SK@HAR@bi[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}\SK@\SK@@label{#4}}%
\fi}
\else
\cite
\AtBeginDocument{% 
\ifx\HAR@checkdef\@undefined
Standard (non-harvard) support, including extra cite commands from natbib and cite.

If cite or overcite is being used, redefine \citen rather than \cite so as not to spoil the space and punctuation calculations done by those packages.

\AtBeginDocument{% 
\ifx\citen\@undefined
\SK@def\cite#1#{\SK@citea{#1}}%
\else
\SK@def\citen#1{\SK@\SK@@ref{#1}\SK@citen{#1}}%
\fi
\SK@def\citeauthor#1{\SK@\SK@@ref{#1}\SK@citeauthor{#1}}%
\SK@def\citefullauthor#1{\SK@\SK@@ref{#1}\SK@citefullauthor{#1}}%
\SK@def\citeyear#1{\SK@\SK@@ref{#1}\SK@citeyear{#1}}%
\else
In the harvard style do not redefine individual cite commands. Just redefine one internal command that is used in all the citation forms.

\AtBeginDocument{% 
\ifx\SK@cite\@empty
\SK@def\HAR@checkdef#1#2{% 
\expandafter\SK@\expandafter\SK@\ref\expandafter\SK@ref\expandafter\SK@ref\expandafter{#1}%
\SK@HAR@checkdef{#1}{#2}%
\expandafter\let\expandafter
\SK@HAR@bi\csname\string\harvarditem\endcsname
\expandafter\def\csname\string\harvarditem\endcsname[#1]#2#3#4{% 
\SK@HAR@bi[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}\SK@\SK@@label{#4}}%
\fi}
\def\SK@citea#1#2{%
\SK@\SK@@ref{#2}\SK@cite#1{#2}}%
\else
\AtBeginDocument{% 
\ifx\SK@cite\@empty
\SK@def\HAR@checkdef#1#2{% 
\expandafter\SK@\expandafter\SK@\ref\expandafter\SK@ref\expandafter\SK@ref\expandafter{#1}%
\SK@HAR@checkdef{#1}{#2}%
\expandafter\let\expandafter
\SK@HAR@bi\csname\string\harvarditem\endcsname
\expandafter\def\csname\string\harvarditem\endcsname[#1]#2#3#4{% 
\SK@HAR@bi[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}\SK@\SK@@label{#4}}%
\fi}
\SK@@ref  This is much simpler than the printing of the label, as we know that we can be in horizontal mode.

\def\SK@@ref#1>#2\SK@{
  \leavevmode\vbox to\z@{
    \vss
    \SK@refcolor
    \rlap{\vrule\raise .75em%}
    \hbox{\underbar{\normalfont\footnotesize\ttfamily#2}}}}}

\SK@@ref

\leavevmode\vbox to\z@{
\vss
\SK@refcolor
\rlap{\vrule\raise .75em%}
\hbox{\underbar{\normalfont\footnotesize\ttfamily#2}}}}}

\SK@@ref

\leavevmode\vbox to\z@{
\vss
\SK@refcolor
\rlap{\vrule\raise .75em%}
\hbox{\underbar{\normalfont\footnotesize\ttfamily#2}}}}}